

6.6

# 3-way Proportional pressure reducing valve, pilot operated

# Type 3DRE(M) and 3DRE(M)E

Component series L6X NG 10 and 16 Max pressure 315 bar

Max flow: 125L/min(size 10) 300L/min(size 16)



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### **Features**

- Pilot operated valve for reducing a pressure (P to A) and limiting (A to T) a system pressure
- Actuation by proportional solenoid
- Maximum pressure relief function, optional
- Valve and control electronics from a single source
- Control electronics for type 3DRE(M):
  - Analogue amplifier type VT-VSPA1(K)-1in Euro-card format
- Digital amplifier type VT-VSPD-1 in Euro-card format
- Analogue amplifier type VT 11131 of modular design
- Linear command value/pressure characteristic curve
- Integrated electronics (OBE) with type 3DRE(M)E:
- Low manufacturing tolerance of the command value/ pressure characteristic curve
- Ramp times can be adjusted separately for pressure build-up

# **Function and configuration**

Valves of types 3DRE(M) and 3DRE(M)E are electrically pilot operated 3-way pressure reducing valves with pres-sure relief function for the actuator. They are used to reduce a system pressure.

### **Technical structure:**

The valves consist of three main assemblies:

- 1) Pilot valve (1) optionally with maximum pressure relief function (16)
- 2) Proportional solenoid (2)
- 3) Main valve (3) with main spool (4)

### **Function:**

General function:

Command value-related adjustment of the pressure to be reduced in channel A by proportional solenoid (2).

When no pressure is applied in port P, main spool (4) is held by springs (5) and (6) in the central position. Here, the connections from P to A and A to T are closed. Pilot oil flows from bore (7) via flow controller (8), pilot valve (1) to orifice (9), throttling gap (10), pipe (11) to port Y. This port must be connected at zero pressure to the tank.

# 10 12 13 7. 11 14 3

Type 3DREM10P-L6X/...G24K4V

### Pressure reduction:

Build-up of pilot pressure in control chamber (12) as a function of the command value. Pressure is built up in spring chamber (14) via orifice (13) and the main spool is shifted to the right. Hydraulic fluid flows from P to A. The actuator pressure in port A is applied to spring chamber (15).

An increase in the pressure in port A to the pressure set on pilot valve (1) causes main spool (4) to be pushed to the left. The pressure in port A becomes virtually the same as the pressure set on pilot valve (1).

### Pressure relief function:

When the pressure in port A exceeds the pressure set on pilot valve (1), main spool (4) is shifted further to the left. This causes the connection from A to T to open and limits the pressure applied in port A to the set command value.

### Type 3DREM:

The valve is optionally available with an additional spring-loaded pilot valve (16) to provide a maximum pressure relief function.

### Types 3DREE and 3DREME

- with integrated electro-nics (OBE):

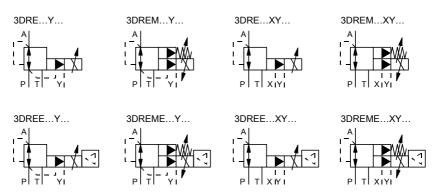
In terms of function and structure, these valves correspond to types 3DRE and 3DREM, except for the integrated electronics.

The electronics receives the supply and command value voltage via cable socket.

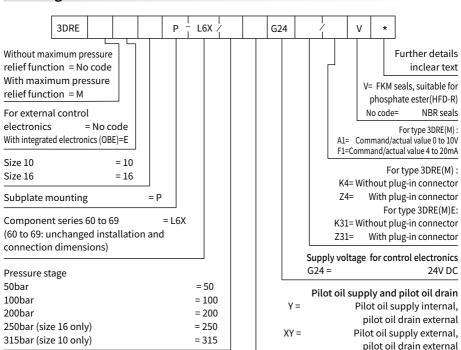
The command value/pressure characteristic curve (zero point on spindle (17) and the gradient are adjusted in the factory with narrow tolerances on the *Imax* potentiometer in the electronics.

The ramp time for pressure build-up and pressure reduction can be adjusted independently of each other with the help of two potentiometers.

# **Symbols**







# **Technical data**

General					
Size			10	16	
Weight	3DRE and 3DREM	kg	7.7	10.2	
	3DREE and 3DREME	kg	7.8	10.3	
Installation orientation			Optional, preferably horizontal		
Storage temperature range °C		-20 to +80			
Ambient	3DRE and 3DREM	°C	-20 to +70		
temperature range	3DREE and 3DREME	°C	-20 to +50		

Size	<b>Hydraulic</b> (measured with HLP46; $\vartheta_{oil}$ =40°C $\pm$ 5°C and p = 100bar)							
Pressure   Port Y					10		16	
Max. set pressure stage 200bar   Dar	Max. operating Ports P, A and X		bar	315		P and X=315; A=250		
Max. set pressure in channel A pressure stage 200bar         bar         100         200 <td< td=""><td>pressure</td><td colspan="2">Port Y</td><td>bar</td><td colspan="3">separately and at zero pressure to tank</td><td>tank</td></td<>	pressure	Port Y		bar	separately and at zero pressure to tank			tank
Pressure stage200bar   bar   200   200   250   250   250		Pressure stage50bar		bar	50		50	
Pressure   Pressure stage 200bar   bar   200   200   250	Max. set	Pressure sta	Pressure stage100bar		100		100	
Pressure stage 250bar   bar   315	pressure	Pressure sta	ige200bar	bar	200		200	
Min. set pressure channel A at zero command value    Pressure stage 50bar   bar   Pressure stage 100bar   bar   Pressure stage 200bar   bar   pressure stage 200bar   bar   pressure stage 200bar   bar   pressure stage 250bar   bar   adjustment   for 350 bar   for 350 b	in channel A	Pressure sta	ige250bar	bar			250	
Pressure stage 100bar   Pressure stage 200bar   Dar   Pressure stage 200bar   Dar   Pressure stage 200bar   Dar   Pressure stage 250bar   Dar		Pressure sta	ige315bar	bar	315			
Maximum pressure relief function (infinitely adjustable)  Pressure stage 200bar bar Pressure stage 250bar bar (size 10 only)  Max. permissible flow  Pilot oil flow  Hydraulic fluid temperature range  Degree of contamination  Perssure stage 200bar  Bysteresis	Min. set pressure	channel A a	t zero command va	lue	see characteristic curves			
Pressure relief function (infinitely adjustable)  Pressure stage 200bar  Pressure stage 250bar  Pressure stage 315 bar (size 10 only)  Max. permissible flow  Pressure stage 315 bar (size 10 only)  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Pressure stage 315 bar (size 10 only)  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Pressure stage 250bar angle  150 to 230  150 to 250  150 to 350  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 250bar angle  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 200bar angle  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 200bar angle  Wasimum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Pressure stage 200bar angle  Wasimum permissible		Pressure sta	ige 50bar	bar		30 to 70		to 70bar
relief function (infinitely adjustable)  Pressure stage 250bar  Pressure stage 315 bar (size 10 only)  Max. permissible flow  Pilot oil flow  Hydraulic fluid  Hydraulic fluid temperature range  Pegee of contamination  Hysteresis  Repeatability  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  Pressure stage 250bar  bar  Adjustment range  Pressure stage 250bar  adjustment range  Pressure stage 315 bar (and part of 100 to 250)  150 to 350  150 to 350  150 to 350  To 350bar  150 to 350  Momineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Mineral oi		Pressure sta	ige 100bar	bar	Drassura	50 to 130		to 130bar
Thinking adjustable   Pressure stage 250bar   Pressure stage 315 bar (size 10 only )   Bar   Pressure stage 315 bar (size 10 only )   Bar   Ba		Pressure sta	ige 200bar	bar	00 ++ 220			to 230bar
Max. permissible flow   L/min   125   300		Pressure sta	ige 250bar	bar	range	100 to 250	setting	to 250bar
Pilot oil flow  Hydraulic fluid  Hydraulic fluid  Pilot oil flow  Hydraulic fluid  Hydraulic fluid  Fluid temperature range  C -20 to +70  Viscosity range  Degree of contamination  Hysteresis  W ±2 of max. set pressure  Repeatability  W <±2 of max. set pressure  Linearity  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  Linearity  Linearity  Linearity  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  Linearity  Linearity  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  Linearity  Linearity  Linearity  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  Linearity  Linearity  Maximum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Asximum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Expected by the command to the comma	adjustable)			bar		150 to 350		to 350bar
Hydraulic fluid  Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524; further hydraulic fluids on enquiry!  Hydraulic fluid temperature range  °C -20 to +70  Viscosity range  mm²/s  20 to 380  Degree of contamination  Hysteresis  % ±2 of max. set pressure  Repeatability  % <±2 of max. set pressure  Linearity  % ±3.5 of max. set pressure  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #	Max. permissible	flow		L/min	125 300			
Hydraulic fluid temperature range °C -20 to +70  Viscosity range mm²/s 20 to 380  Degree of contamination Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Hysteresis % ±2 of max. set pressure  Repeatability % <±2 of max. set pressure  Linearity % ±3.5 of max. set pressure  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  ### DREE and 3DREME % ### 1.5 of max. set pressure  #### ### 2.5 of max. set pressure  #### #### 2.5 of max. set pressure  #### #### #### 2.5 of max. set pressure  ##### #### ##### ###################	Pilot oil flow			L/min	1			
Viscosity range mm²/s 20 to 380  Degree of contamination Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Hysteresis % ±2 of max. set pressure  Repeatability % <±2 of max. set pressure  Linearity % ±3.5 of max. set pressure  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  \$\frac{1}{3}\text{DREE} \text{ and 3DREME} \frac{1}{3}\text{ \$\frac{1}{3}\text{DREE} \text{ and 3DREME} \frac{1}{3}\text{ \$\frac{1}{3}\text{Dressure} \text{ \$\frac{1}{3}Dr	Hydraulic fluid							
Degree of contamination  Maximum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9.NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406  Hysteresis  % ±2 of max. set pressure  Repeatability  % <±2 of max. set pressure  Linearity  % ±3.5 of max. set pressure  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  ### DREE and 3DREME  ### DREE and 3D	Hydraulic fluid temperature range		°C	-20 to +70				
Hysteresis	Viscosity range			mm²/s	20 to 380			
Repeatability % < ±2 of max. set pressure  Linearity % ±3.5 of max. set pressure  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  **DREE and 3DREME** % ±1.5 of max. set pressure  ±1.5 of max. set pressure	Degree of contamination							
Linearity \$\frac{\pmax.set pressure}{\pmax.set pressure}\$  Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  \$\frac{\pmax.set pressure}{\pmax.set pressure}\$  \$\pmax.set pressure\$  \$\pmax.set pressure\$  \$\pmax.set pressure\$  \$\pmax.set pressure\$	Hysteresis		%	±2 of max. set pressure				
Manufacturing tolerance of command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  3DRE and 3DREM % ±2.5 of max. set pressure  ±1.5 of max. set pressure	Repeatability		%	< ±2 of max. set pressure				
command value/pressure char. curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  ±1.5 of max. set pressure	1		%	±3.5 of max. set pressure				
curve, referred to hysteresis curve, increasing pressure  3DREE and 3DREME % ±1.5 of max. set pressure			3DRE and 3DREM	%	±2.5 of max. set pressure			
Switching time ms 100 to 200 (depending on system)	curve, referred to hys	steresis curve,	3DREE and 3DREME	%	±1.5 of max. set pressure			
, , , , , , ,	Switching time	Switching time			100 to 200 (depending on system)			

Electrical			
Supply voltage		V	24 V DC
Min. control currer	nt	mA	100
Max. control	3DRE and 3DREM	mA	1600
current	3DREE and 3DREME	mA	1440 to 1760
Solenoid coil resistance	Cold value at 20 ° C	Ω	5.4
	Max. hot value	Ω	7.8
Duty cycle		%	100
Electrical	3DRE and 3DREM		With component plug to DIN EN 175301-803 Cable socket to DIN EN 175301-803
connection	3DREE and 3DREME		With component plug to E DIN EN 175201-804 Cable socket to DIN EN 175201-804
Type of protection of the valve to EN 60529		Ip65 with cable socket mounted and locked	

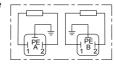
Control electronics				
Integrated electronics (OBE) with types 3DREE and 3DREME			Integrated in the valve	
External control electronics for types 3DRE and 3DREM	- If	analogue	VT-VSPA1(K)-1	
		digital	VT-VSPD-1	
	Amplifier of modular design	analogue	VT 11131	

# **Electrical connections, plug-in connectors**

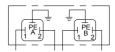
· For type 3DRE(M) ( (without integrated electronics))

### Connections on the component plug:

Cable socket to DIN EN 175301-803 or ISO4400



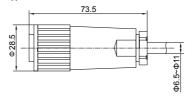
Connections on the plug-in connector:



To the amplifier To the amplifier

# · For type 3DRE(M)E (with integrated electronics (OBE))

For pin allocation also see block circuit diagram. Plug-in connector to DIN EN 175201-804





# Integrated electronics (OBE) of Types DREE and DREME

### **Function:**

The integrated electronics is controlled via the two differential amplifier connections D and E.

The ramp generator generates from a command value step change (0 to 10 V or 10 to 0 V) a delayed increase or drop of the solenoid current.

Potentiometer R14 can be used to adjust the rise time, potentiometer R13 to adjust the drop time of the solenoid current.

The maximum ramp time of 5s is only possible over the full command value range. In the case of minor changes in the command value, the ramp time shortens accordingly.

The command value/solenoid current characteristic curve is adjusted to the valve by means of the characteristic curve generator so that non-linearities in the hydraulic system are compensated for and a linear command value/pressure characteristic curve is obtained.

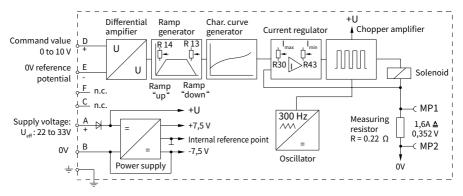
The current regulator regulates the solenoid current independently of the solenoid coil resistance.

Potentiometer R30 can be used to change the gradient of the command value/current characteristic curve and hence the gradient of the command value/pressure characteristic curve of the proportional pressure control valve.

Potentiometer R43 serves for adjusting the biasing current. This setting should not be changed. If required, adjust the zero point of the command value/pressure characteristic curve onthe valve seat.

A chopper amplifier forms the power stage of the electronics for controlling the proportional valve. It is pulsewidth-modulated with a clock frequency of 300 Hz.

The solenoid current can be measured at both measuring sockets MP1 and MP2. A voltage drop of 0.352V at the measuring resistor corresponds to a solenoid current of 1.6 A.



Block circuit diagram / pin assignment of integrated electronics

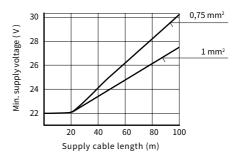
# Integrated electronics (OBE) of Types DREE and DREME

## · Supply voltage

Power supply unit with rectifier. Single-phase rectification or three-phase current bridge: U<sub>eff</sub> =22 to 33V Residual ripple content on the power supply unit: < 5 % Output current: I<sub>eff</sub> = max. 1.4A

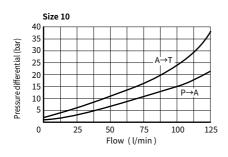
Supply cable:

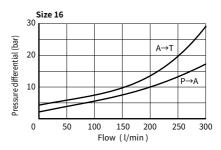
- Recommended: 5-wire, 0.75 or 1 mm<sup>2</sup> with protective conductor and shield
- Outer diameter 6.5 to 11 mm
- Shield to 0 V supply voltage
- Max. permissible length 100 m



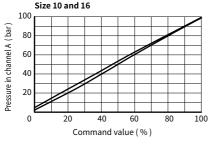
The minimum supply voltage of the power supply unit depends on the length of the supply cable (see diagram). In the case of lengths >50 m, a capacitor of 2200μ must be provided in the supply cable in the vicinity of valve.

# Characteristic curves (measured with HLP46, \$00 = 40°C ±5°C and p=100bar)

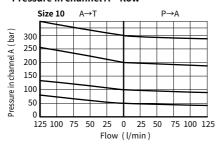


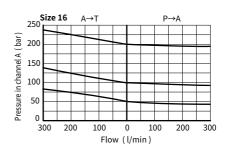


# · Pressure in channel A -command value (measured at flow 0 L/min)

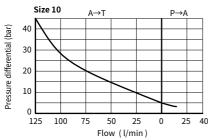


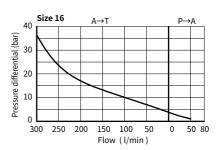
### · Pressure in channel A - flow





### · Min. set pressure - flow

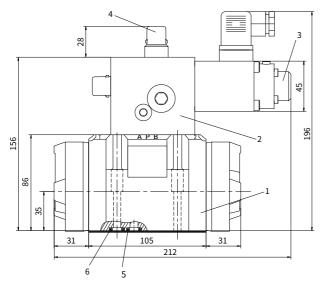




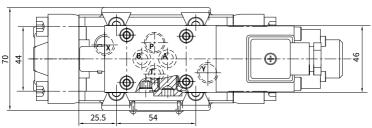
# **Unit dimensions**

### (nominal dimensions in mm)

### Size 10



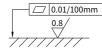
- 1 Main valve
- 2 Pilot valve
- 3 Proportional solenoid
- 4 Maximum pressure relief function (Type 3DREM...)
- 5 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, P, T (R-ring  $13 \times 1.6 \times 2$ ),
- 6 Identical seal rings for ports X and Y ( $11.18 \times 1.6 \times 1.78$ ),
- 7 Machined mounting face, position of ports to DIN24 340 A, ISO 4401 and CETOP-RP 121 H
- 8 In the case of "internal" pilot oil supply (version Y), port X on the subplate must be plugged.
- 9 Port B on the subplate must be plugged



# 61.9 54 50.8 37.3 27 16.7 3.2 9

### Valve fixing screws:

4 socket head cap screws  $M6 \times 45 GB/T 70.1-10.9$ ; tightening torque M<sub>A</sub>=15.5Nm

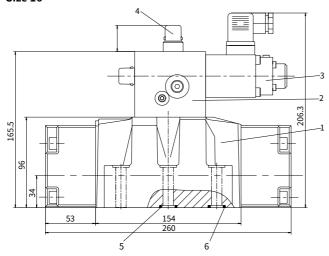


Required surface quality of mouting face

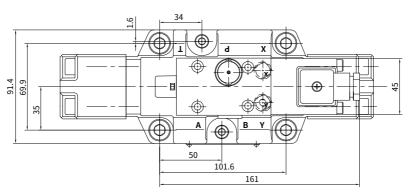
# **Unit dimensions**

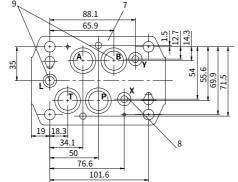
### (nominal dimensions in mm)

### Size 16



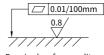
- 1 Main valve
- 2 Pilot valve
- 3 Proportional solenoid
- 4 Maximum pressure relief function (Type 3DREM...)
- 5 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, P, T (22.53 $\times$ 2.3 $\times$ 2.62),
- 6 Identical seal rings for ports X and Y ( $10 \times 2 \times 2$ ),
- 7 Machined mounting face, position of ports to DIN24 340 A, ISO 4401 and CETOP-RP 121 H
- 8 In the case of "internal" pilot oil supply (version Y), port X on the subplate must be plugged.
- 9 Ports B and L on the subplate must be plugged





### Valve fixing screws:

4 socket head cap screws M10×60 GB/T 70.1-10.9; tightening torque M<sub>A</sub>=73Nm 2 socket head cap screws  $M6 \times 55 GB/T 70.1-10.9$ ; tightening torque M<sub>A</sub>=15.5Nm



Required surface quality of mouting face

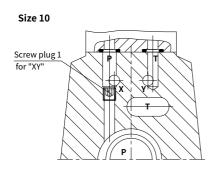
# Pilot oil supply

Pilot oil supply external · Type 3DRE...-...XY Pilot oil drain external

With this version, the pilot oil is supplied from a separate control circuit (external). The pilot oil drain is not directed to the T-channel of the main valve, but fed separately to the tank via port Y (external).

· Type 3DRE...-.../...Y··· Pilot oil supply internal Pilot oil drain external

With this version, the pilot oil is supplied from the P-channel of the main valve (internal). The pilot oil drain is not directed to the T-channel of the main valve, but fed separately to the tank via port Y (external). Port X on the subplate must be plugged.



Main valve Screw plug 1

Pilot oil supply external: 1 Closed Pilot oil supply external: 1 Closed internal: 1 Open internal: 1 Open Pilot oil drain external Pilot oil drain external

Size 16