

3.17

Pressure Reducing Valve Direct Operated

Type ZDR6D...30

Size 6 up to 210 bar up to 30L/min



Contents

Function and configurations	02
Symbols	02
Ordering code	03
Technical data	03
Characteristic curves	04
Unit dimensions	05

Features

- -Sandwich plate structure
- -Porting pattern to DIN 24 340 form A, and ISO 4401
- -4 pressure ratings
- -3 adjustment elements
- · Rotary knob
- ·Adjustable bolt with protective cap
- ·Lockable rotary knob
- -Pressure gauge connection
- -Check valve optional

Function and configuration

Pressure reducing valves type ZDR 6 D.. are 3-way direct operated, sandwich plate design with a pressure reducing function on the secondary side. It is used to reduce the system pressure. The pressure reducing valve basically consists of the housing (1), the control spool (2), two compression springs (3) and the adjustment element (4) as well as with an optional check valve.

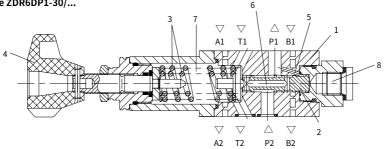
At static state, the valve is normally open, and fluid can flow freely from port P2 to port P1 (version "DP") or from port A1 to port A2(version "DA"). Pressure in port P1 acts at the spool area through the control line (5) and is balanced with the setting value of the compression spring (3).

When the pressure in port P1 exceeds the setting value of the spring (3), the control spool (2) moves further towards the compression spring (3), the opening aperture at port P is getting smaller until fluid at port P1 flows back to tank through the the orifice (6) of the control spool (2) to prevent any further rise in pressure. The leakage oil in spring chamber (7) is always drained to tank through the port T (Y).

A check valve can be fitted optionally in version "DA" for free flow from ports A2 to ports A1.

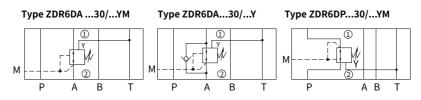
A pressure gauge connection (8) permits the secondary pressure to be monitored.

Type ZDR6DP1-30/...

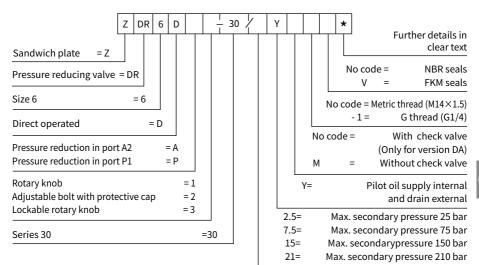


Note: Because there is internal leakage, when sandwich plate pressure reducing valve is used in pairs with sandwich pilot operated check valve , pressure reducing valve must be fixed between the check valve and directional control valve.

Symbols (1 =valve side (2) = sub-plate side)



Ordering code

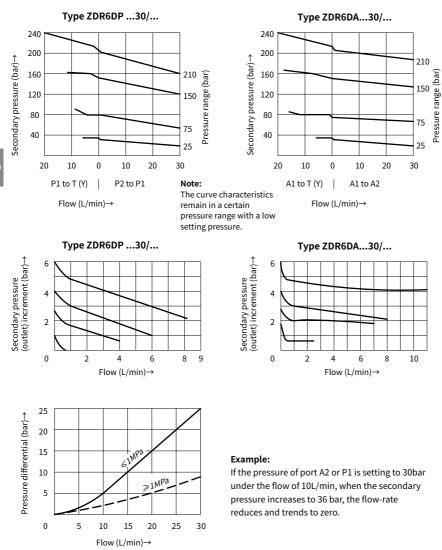


Technical data

Fluid		Mineral oil suitable for NBR and FKM seal
Fillio		Phosphate ester for FKM seal
Fluid temperature range	°C	-30 to +80 (NBR seal)
Fluid temperature range	L	-20 to +80 (FKM seal)
Viscosity range	mm²/s	10 to 800
Degree of contamination		Maximum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9. NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406
Max.operating pressure (inlet)	bar	315
Max.secondary pressure (output)	bar	25; 75; 150; 210
Back pressure	bar	60
Max. flow-rate	L/min	30
Weight	Kg	Approx. 1.2

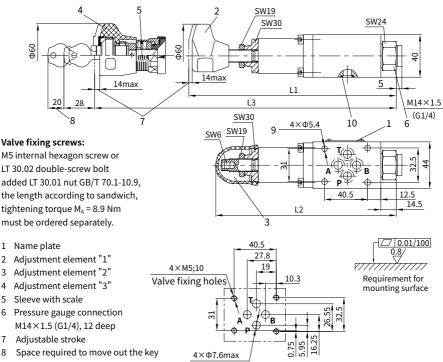
Characteristic curves

(Measured at ϑ_{oil} =40°C ±5°C , using HLP46)



Unit dimensions

(Dimensions in mm)



- 9 Valve fixing holes
- 10 O-rings 9.25×1.78 (Port A,B,P and T)

Туре	Max.L1	L2	Max.L3
DA	208	182	203
DP	196	170	191

Dimensions of mounting surface

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3.18

Pressure Reducing Valve Direct Operated

Type ZDR6D...L4X

Size 6 Up to 210 bar Up to 50L/min



Contents

Function and configurations	02
Symbols	03
Ordering code	03
Technical data	03
Characteristic curves	04
Unit dimensions	05

Features

- Sandwich plate design
- Mounting face meeting requirements for DIN24340 A and ISO4401
- 4 pressure ranges
- 2 adjustment forms
 Rotary Knob
 Adjusting screw with protective cover
- Connector with pressure gauge
- Selectable one-way valve

Function and configuration

Pressure reducing valves type ZDR 6 D.. are 3-way direct operated, sandwich plate design with a pressure reducing function on the secondary side. It is used to reduce the system pressure. The pressure reducing valve basically consists of the housing (1), the control spool (2), two compression springs (3) and the adjustment element (4) as well as with an optional check valve.

Model DA:

At static state, the valve is normally open, and fluid can flow freely from port P2 to port P1 (version "DP") or from port A1 to port A2(version "DA"). Pressure in port P1 acts at the spool area via control line (5) and is balanced with the setting value of the compression spring (3).

When the pressure in port P1 exceeds the setting value of the spring (3), the control spool (2) moves further towards the compression spring (3), the

opening aperture at port P is getting smaller until fluid at port P1 flows back to the tank through the orifice (6) of the control spool (2) to prevent any further rise in pressure. The leakage oil in spring chamber(7) is always drained to tank through port T (Y).

A check valve can be fitted optionally in version "DA" for free flow from ports A2 to ports A1 .

A pressure gauge connection (8) permits the secondary pressure to be monitored.

In model DA, one-way valve can only be mounted with the oil port from A2 to A1 to make the flow passage smooth.

Model DP and DB:

In model DP, oil port P1 is pressure reduced; signal and control oil is provided from the inside of oil port P1.

In model DB, oil port P1 is pressure reduced; but control oil is from oil port B.

4 3 7 6 T1 9 2 8 P1 A1 (Y)/B1 P2 A2 T2 B2 (Y) 5 1

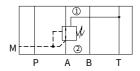
Note:

1. In model DB, when directional valve is in position from P to A, please make sure the pressure of oil port B is no more than the set value, otherwise, the pressure of oil port A is reduced. 2. For internal leakage, superposition relief value for in pair with superposition (hydraulic controlled) one-way valve shall be installed between the superposition (hydraulic control) one-way valve and the directional change valve.

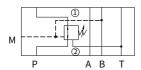
Type: ZDR6DA1-L4X/...YM...

Symbols

Type:ZDR6DA...L4X/..YM

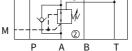


Type:ZDR6DB...L4X/..YM



Ordering code

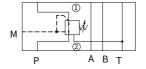




Type:ZDR6DP...L4X/..YM

① =valve side;

2 =bottom plate side



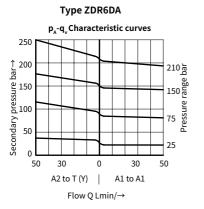
octom plate side

	Ζ	DR	6	D		<u> </u>	_4X /	Y				*	
Superposition structure =Z													Further details in clear text
Relief valve =	DR												No code = NBR seals V = FKM seals
Diameter6	=	= 6									L		
Direct-acting type		-	= D									No	Pressure tapping thread code = Inch G1/4
Oil port A2 pressure relieved Oil port B2 pressure relieved Oil port P1 pressure relieved	b		= / = =	3						N	lo m	lark	(just for model DA)
Knob Adjusting bolt with protecti Knob with lock	ve co	over		=	=1 =2 =3				 Y=		M	Со	 Without one-way valve ntrol oil supplied from inside and drained to the outside
Series L40 toL49 (L40 to L49: unchanged installation	n an	d con	nectior	n dim	=L4 ensio				2.5= 7.5= 15= 21=			M Ma	ax. secondary pressure 25bar ax. secondary pressure 75bar ix. secondarypressure 150bar x. secondary pressure 210bar

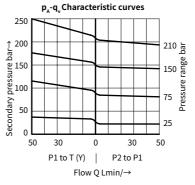
Technical data

Fluid		Mineral oil suitable for NBR and FKM seal			
Fiuld		Phosphate ester for FKM seal			
Fluid temperature range	°C	-30 to +80 (NBR seal)			
Fluid temperature range	L.	-20 to +80 (FKM seal)			
Viscosity range	mm²/s	10 to 800			
Degree of contamination		Maximum permissible degree of fluid contamination:			
Degree of contamination		Class 9. NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406			
Max secondary pressure (inlet)	bar	315			
Max secondary pressure (outlet)	bar	25;75;150;210			
Backpressure oil port T(Y)	bar	160			
Max flow	L/min	50			
Weight	kg	About1.2			

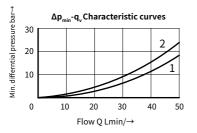
Characteristic curves (Measured at $\vartheta_{oil} = 40^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$, using HLP46)

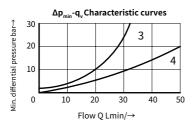


Type ZDR6DP and ZDR6DB



Note: if the set pressure is low, the performance curve is within the corresponding pressure level range.





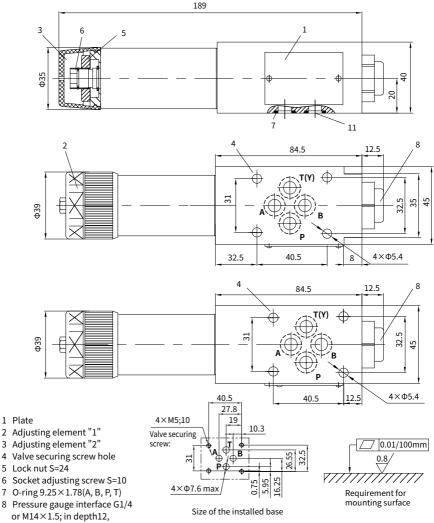
This work curve is effective to the relief function in case of outlet pressure = 0 within the overall range.

 $\begin{array}{c} \Delta p_{min} \cdot q_v \text{Characteristic curves} \\ 30 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 10 \\ 0 \\ 10 \\ 20 \\ 30 \\ 40 \\ 50 \\ \hline \\ Flow Q \ Lmin/\rightarrow \end{array}$

- 1 A1 to A2
- 2 A2 to T(Y) (the third flow route)
- 3 Flow from A2 to A1 just goes through one-way valve.
- 4 Flow from A2 to A1 just goes through one-way valve and fully-open main valve.
- 5 P2 to P1
- 6 P1 to T(Y) (the third flow route)

Unit dimensions

(Dimensions in mm)



- 4 Valve securing screw hole
- 5 Lock nut S=24
- 6 Socket adjusting screw S=10
- 7 O-ring 9.25×1.78(A, B, P, T)
- 8 Pressure gauge interface G1/4 or M14×1.5; in depth12, Hex wrench S=6

For connection of bottom plate, order shall be made separately Type:

G341/01(G1/4), G341/02 (M14×1.5) G342/01(G3/8), G342/02 (M18×1.5) G 502/01(G1/2),G502/02 (M22×1.5)

Valve fixing screws:

M5 internal hexagon screw or LT 30.02 double-screw bolt added LT 30.01 nut GB/T 70.1-10.9, the length according to sandwich, tightening torque M_A = 8.9 Nm, must be ordered separately.

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3.19

Pressure reducing valve direct operated

Type ZDR10D...40

Size 10 up to 210 bar up to 50 L/min

Contents

Function and configuration	02
Symbols	02
Ordering code	03
Technical data	03
Characteristic curves	04
Unit dimensions	05

Features

- Sandwich plate structure
- Porting pattern to DIN 24 340, form A and ISO 4401
- 4 pressure ratings
- 3 adjustment elements:
- Rotary knob
- Adjustable bolt with protective cap
- Lockable rotary knob
- Pressure gauge fitting
- Check valve, optional

Function and configuration

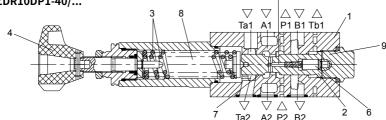
Pressure reducing valves type ZDR10D.. are 3-way direct operated pressure reducing valves of sandwich plate design with a pressure reducing function on the secondary side. It is used to reduce the system pressure. The pressure reducing basically consists of the housing (1), the control spool (2), one or two compression spring (3) and the adjustment element (4) as well as with an optional check valve.

At static state, the valve is normally open, fluid can flow free from port P2 to port P1 (version "DP") or port A1 to port A2 (version "DA"). Pressure in port P1 acts at the spool area (6) via control line (5) and is balanced with the setting value of the compression spring. When the pressure in port P1 exceeds the setting value of the spring (3), the control spool (2) moves further towards the compression spring (3), the opening aperture at port P is getting smaller until fluid at port P1 flows back to tank via the control land (7) to prevent any further rise in pressure. The leakage oil in spring chamber (8) is always drained to tank via port T.

A check valve can be fitted optionally in version "DA" for free flow from ports A2 to ports A1 .

A pressure gauge connection (9) permits the secondary pressure to be monitored.

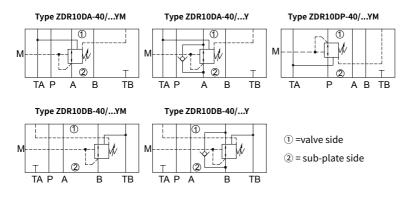
Type ZDR10DP1-40/...



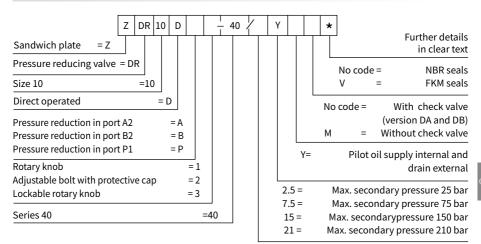
Note:

 Because there is internal leakage, when sandwich plate pressure reducing valve is used in pairs with sandwich pilot operated check valve, pressure reducing valve must be fixed between the check valve and directional control valve. 2. As for ZDR10DP and ZDR10DA, leakage oil from port TB1 flows via the built-up valve to port TA2, so manifold(plate) must have a port TA, while for ZDR10D, leakage oil from port TA1 flows via the built-up valve to port TB2, so manifold(plate) must have a port TB.

Symbols



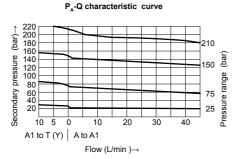
Ordering code

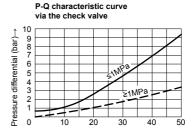


Technical data

Fluid		Mineral oil suitable for NBR and FKM seal		
		Phosphate ester for FKM seal		
Fluid temperature range	°C	-30 to +80 (NBR seal)		
	C	-20 to +80 (FKM seal)		
Viscosity range	mm²/s	10 to 800		
Degree of contamination		Maximum permissible degree of fluid contamination:		
		Class 9. NAS 1638 or 20/18/15 , ISO4406		
Max.operating pressure (inlet)	bar	315		
Max.secondary pressure (output)	bar	25;75;150;210		
Back pressure	bar	150		
Max. flow-rate	L/min	50		
Weight	Kg	Approx. 2.8		

Characteristic curves (Measured at ϑ_{oil} =40°C ±5°C , using HLP46)

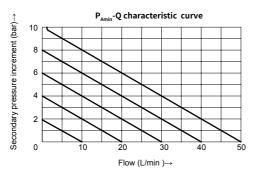




Flow (L/min)→

Note:

The curve characteristics remain in a certain pressure range with a low setting pressure.



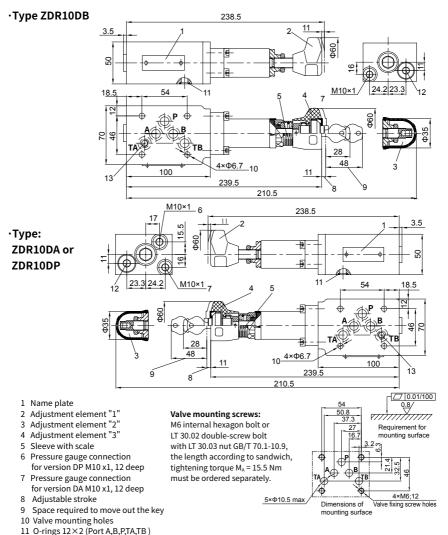
25 bar PA min-Q characteristic curve shows the flow from A1 to A2 in relation to the adjustable min. setting pressure from P2 to P1.

Example:

If the pressure of port A2 or P1 is setting to 30bar under the flow of 10L/min, when the secondary pressure increases to 34 bar, the flow-rate reduces and trends to zero.

Unit dimensions

(Dimensions in mm)



- 12 Check valve optional for version DA
- 13 This hole(hole TB for version DA, TA for version DB)is plugged when it is version ZDR10...40/2.5, and works as drain port when the version are ZDR10...40/7.5, ZDR10...40/15 and ZDR10...40/21, however, this hole don't interconnect to the side with O-rings. When this hole is used as a return oil port, a hole (Ø5) must be drilled from the opposite side(with O-rings) as a drain port.(ZDR10...40/2.5 is prohibited) Suggestion for selecting port TA and TB on.

Manifold (plate) :

ZDR10DP and ZDR10DA use port TA as drain port, while ZDR10DB use port TB.

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3.20

Pressure reducing valve direct operated

Type ZDR10D...L5X

Size 10 up to 210 bar up to 80 L/min



Contents

Function and configuration	02
Symbols	02
Ordering code	03
Technical data	03
Characteristic curves	04
Unit dimensions	05

Features

- Sandwich plate structure
- Porting pattern to DIN 24 340, form A and ISO 4401
- 4 pressure ratings
- 4 adjustment elements:
- Rotary knob
- Adjustable bolt with protective cap
- Lockable rotary knob
- Rotary knob with scale
- Pressure reduction in ports A, B or P
- Check valve, optional

Function and configuration

The pressure reducing valve type ZDR 10 D.. is a 3-way direct operated valve of sandwich plate design with a pressure relief function on the secondary side. It is used to reduce the system pressure.

The pressure reducing valve basically consists of the housing (1), the control spool (2), a compression spring (3), and the adjustment (4) as well as an optional check valve.

The secondary pressure is set by the pressure adjustment element (4).

Model "DA"

At rest, the valve is normally open, and fluid can flow unhindered from port A1 to port A2. The pressure in port A2 is at the same time via the control line (5) present at the spool area opposite to the compression spring (3). When the pressure in port A2 exceeds the pressure level set at the compression spring (3), the control spool (2) moves into the control position against the compression spring (3) and holds the set pressure in port A2 constant. The control pressure and pilot oil are taken from port A2 via control line (5).

If the pressure in port A2 rises still further due to external forces, the control spool (2) is moved still further towards the compression spring (3). This causes a flow path to be opened at port A2 via control land (6) on the control spool (2) and housing (1) to tank (port TB). Sufficient fluid then flows to tank to prevent any further rise inpressure.

The spring chamber (7) is always drained to tank externally via port TA.

A pressure gauge connection (8) permitts the secondary pressure at the valve to be monitored.

It is only possible to fit a check valve for free flow in ports A2 to A1 in version "DA".

Models "DP" and "DB"

In model "DP", the pressure is reduced in port P1. The control pressure and the pilot oil is taken internally from port P1. In model "DB", the pressure in port P1 is reduced, and the pilot oil taken from port B.

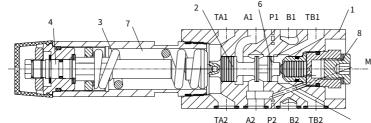
Attention!

When the directional valve is in the switched position P to A, pressure in port B must not exceed the set secondary pressure. Otherwise, pressure in port A will be reduced.

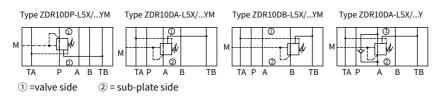
If used without a directional valve, TA and TB must be interconnected (e.g. in the cover plate).

5

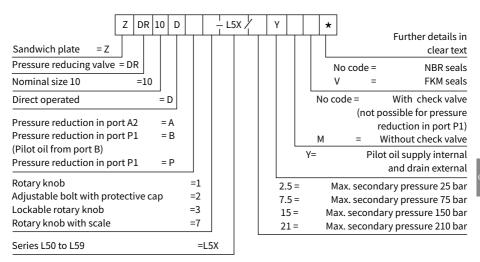
Type ZDR10DA...-L5X/...YM...



Symbols



Ordering code

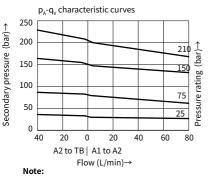


Technical data

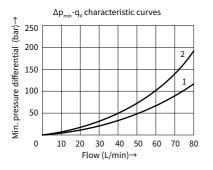
Mineral oil suitable for NBR and FKM seal		
Phosphate ester for FKM seal		
-30 to +80 (NBR seal)		
-20 to +80 (FKM seal)		
10 to 800		
Maximum permissible degree of fluid contamination: Class 9. NAS 1638 or 20/18/15, ISO4406		
up to 315		
up to 25; up to 75; up to 150; up to 210		
150		
80		
Approx. 2.8		

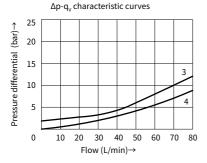
Characteristic curves (Measured at $\vartheta_{oil} = 40^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$, using HLP46)

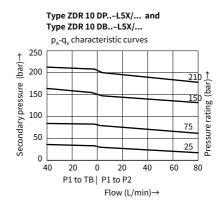
Type ZDR 10 DA..-L5X/...

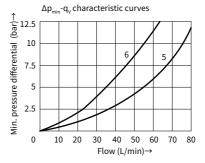


The curve characteristics remain, with low set pressures, the same in relation to the pressure rating.









1 A1 to A2

2 A2 to TB (3rd. flow path)

3 A2 to A1 flow via check valve only

4 A2 to A1 flow via check valveand fully

open controlcross section

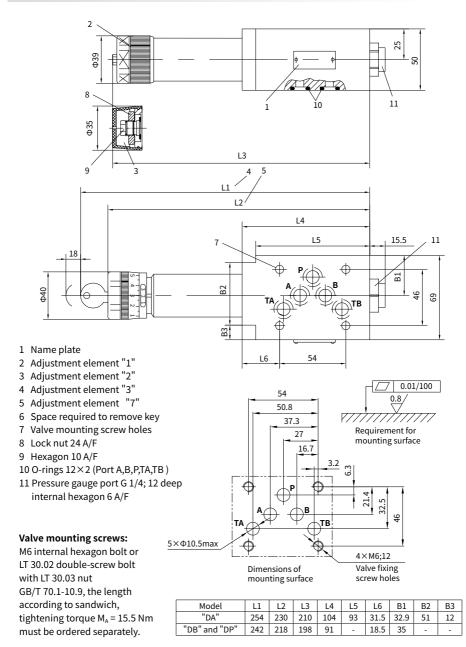
5 P2 to P1

6 P1 to TB (3rd. flow path)

The characteristic curves for the pressure relief function are valid for the outlet pressure = zero over the entireflow range!

Unit dimensions

(Dimensions in mm)



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Japan



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